



Penn  
Medicine



*Translational Medicine and Therapeutics:  
The Future of Drug Development*

*Symposium: May 5- 6, 2006*

**“Integrated Biomedical and Clinical  
Research Informatics for Translational  
Medicine and Therapeutics”**

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# Center for Clinical Epidemiology and Biostatistics

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University of Pennsylvania  
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# OFFICE OF HUMAN RESEARCH

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**The Office of Human Research (OHR)** seeks to promote human research for the advancement of healthcare while ensuring the highest level of research participant safety and facilitating the highest quality research by:

- Realizing the best research standards through adherence to University and government research policies and regulations
- Supporting investigators and research teams through process improvement, innovative technologies, and education and training initiatives
- Propagating best operational practices to maximize the efficiencies of research activities
- Collaborating with University organizations involved with human research

# Introduction

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- NIH increasingly promotes translational collaborations among basic science and clinical research programs
- SCCORs, PPGs, U01s illustrate interplay of translational science, requiring data integration across the entire research enterprise (basic, translational, clinical)
- **Biostatistics** -- fundamental challenge at the data analytic stage, incorporating data elements from all sources into comprehensive risk and/or efficacy models
- **Data management systems** -- typically isolated, not inter-operable -- inadequate to support biomedical research informatics needs at Research Enterprise level

## Introduction (cont'd)

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- Successful conduct of clinical and translational science requires biomedical and clinical research informatics **i) methods, ii) tools, and iii) fully integrated informatics highway**
- ***Integrative Informatics*** -- despite considerable progress in specialized areas of bioinformatics to harness complex genomics, proteomics and lipidomics data structures, the challenges associated with supporting an integrated (biomedical, clinical research, and health system informatics) clinical and translational science research enterprise are formidable

# Challenges

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- ***Data Integration*** -- most foundational challenge is the need for an integrated data infrastructure spanning fully the genotype and phenotype (i.e., molecular and clinical attributes) of research subjects and patients
- ***Individual Data Record*** -- relevant data from the basic science, translational, clinical research, and health care domains need to be fully integrated at the individual data record, in order to produce “personalized medicine” models

## Challenges (cont'd)

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- ***Motivating example*** -- consider how the withdrawal of Vioxx and Bextra (due to recognition that they confer a small, but absolute incremental cardiovascular risk) presents a problem for celebrex and new cox-2 inhibitors, such as prexige (lumiracoxib) and arcoxia (etoricoxib)
- Wish to harvest recognized efficacy, but also manage the overall increased absolute risk

## Challenges (cont'd)

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- Translational researchers want access to multiple data enterprises to produce refined estimates of **risk** and **efficacy** at the **individual patient** level
- Data are required from the ...
  - Basic Science Research Enterprise,
  - Clinical Research Enterprise, and
  - Clinical (Health Care) Enterprise



## Challenges (cont'd)

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### Basic Science Research Enterprise:

- phenotypic data collected in model systems – e.g., zebrafish, in which the coxs have been genetically manipulated, or in which COX mutations have been detected, or in mice treated with cox-2 inhibitors, in which COX-2 or COX-1 have been manipulated (knocked out, knocked down, globally or selectively, or over-expressed) may inform human genomic association patterns

## Challenges (cont'd)

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### Basic Science Research Enterprise (cont'd):

- cellular imaging data from model systems in which COX-2 has been manipulated (deleted, over-expressed or knocked down) may also contribute insights
- lipidomic analyses of the consequences of COX manipulation in cells, tissues from mice, fish or people in body fluids may provide insights into clinical applications

## Challenges (cont'd)

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### Clinical Research Enterprise:

- individual data from randomized trials and / or observational studies relating to CV events, GI toxicity and concomitant therapy;
- Patient samples for analysis of drug levels and biomarkers of response / risk;
- individual response data, such as efficacy and/or blood pressure data;
- more detailed studies of drug response in small numbers of patients within GCRC setting.

## Challenges (cont'd)

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### *Patient-specific Risk / Efficacy Models*

-- goal of personalized medicine is the day when each potential patient could say ...

**"this is the particular drug that works specifically for me"!**

## Challenges (cont'd)

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- Disease-specific data integration efforts have led to narrow-scope tools utilizing centralized and highly specific data warehouses
- ***Data Integration*** – to be transformational, clinical and translational medicine research needs comprehensive **disease-independent**, enterprise-wide data integration and analysis approaches, in order to achieve personalized medicine goals

## Challenges (cont'd)

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Breadth of this undertaking necessitates ...

- a federated data acquisition, storage and analysis strategy
- an enterprise-wide commitment and investment in a comprehensive vision
- a complex technology base with interoperable data standards and systems
- talented, multi-disciplinary personnel dedicated to realizing this vision

# Vision

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This talk will promote a vision for a transformed enterprise-wide informatics framework for the conduct of clinical and translational science ...

- a centralized computational architecture and research data facility
- an integrated biomedical and clinical research informatics toolkit
- an integrated biomedical informatics highway with connectivity among all data repositories

## Vision: A New Center for Biomedical Informatics in Translation (BIIT)

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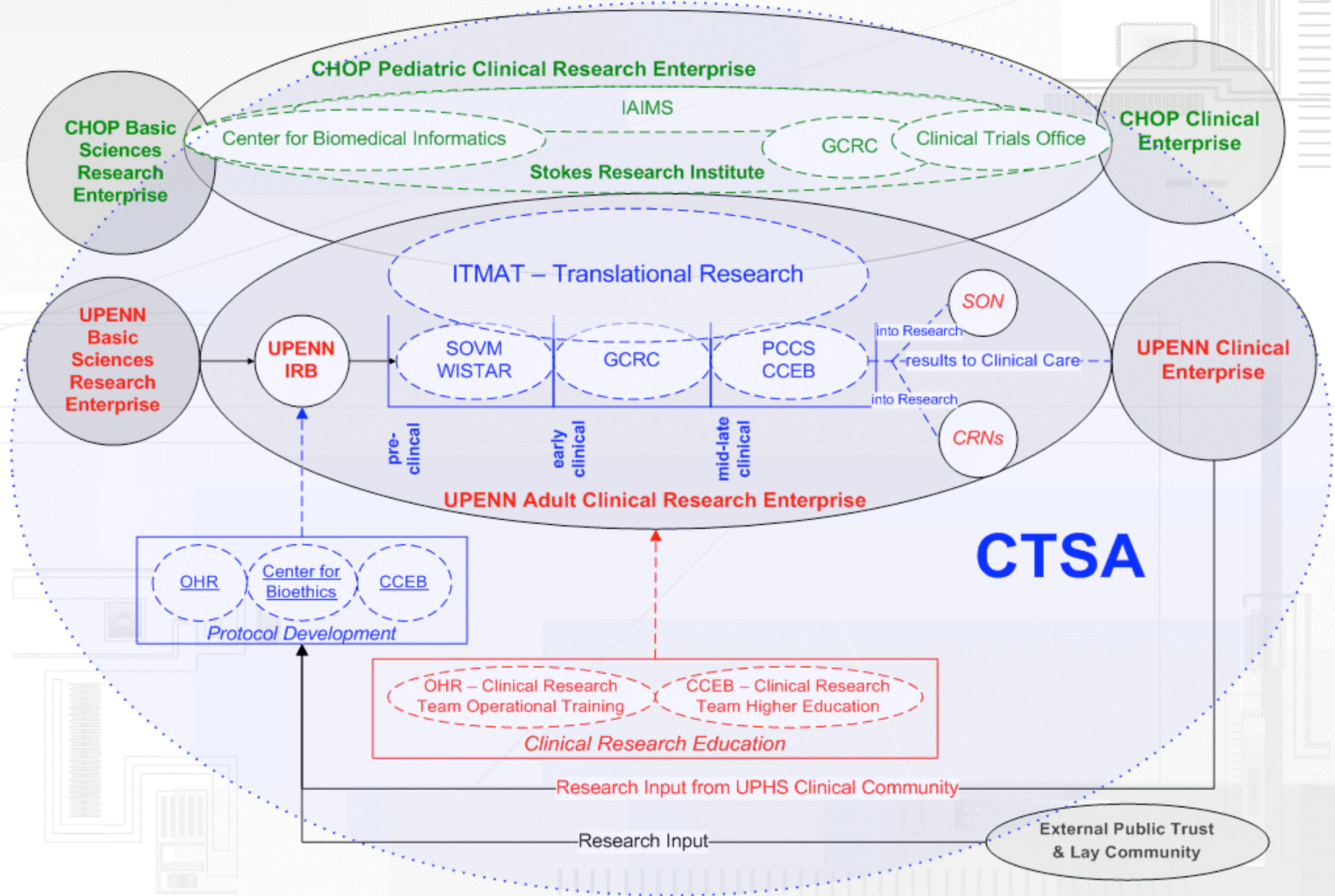
Multi-disciplinary team of faculty investigators and technology leaders

- biostatistics,
- bioinformatics,
- biomedical/clinical research informatics,
- computer science, and
- computational biology.



# Enterprise Architecture Planning for Clinical and Translational Sciences Award (CTSA)

Draft	2.4.	NIH NCRR Specification & Requirements for CTSA Applicants	DEC.05	UPENN.SOM.UPHS
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## Vision: Center for Biomedical Informatics in Translation (BIIT)

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BIIT will provide .....

- new informatics connectivity between CHOP and PENN, permitting enterprises to attain commitment to data interoperability, integration, and sharing between institutions;
- provide comprehensive research informatics support for the biostatistical methods and statistical genetics research computing and data analyses required for enterprise-wide clinical and translational science.

# Enterprise Architecture Planning for Clinical and Translational Sciences Award (CTSA)

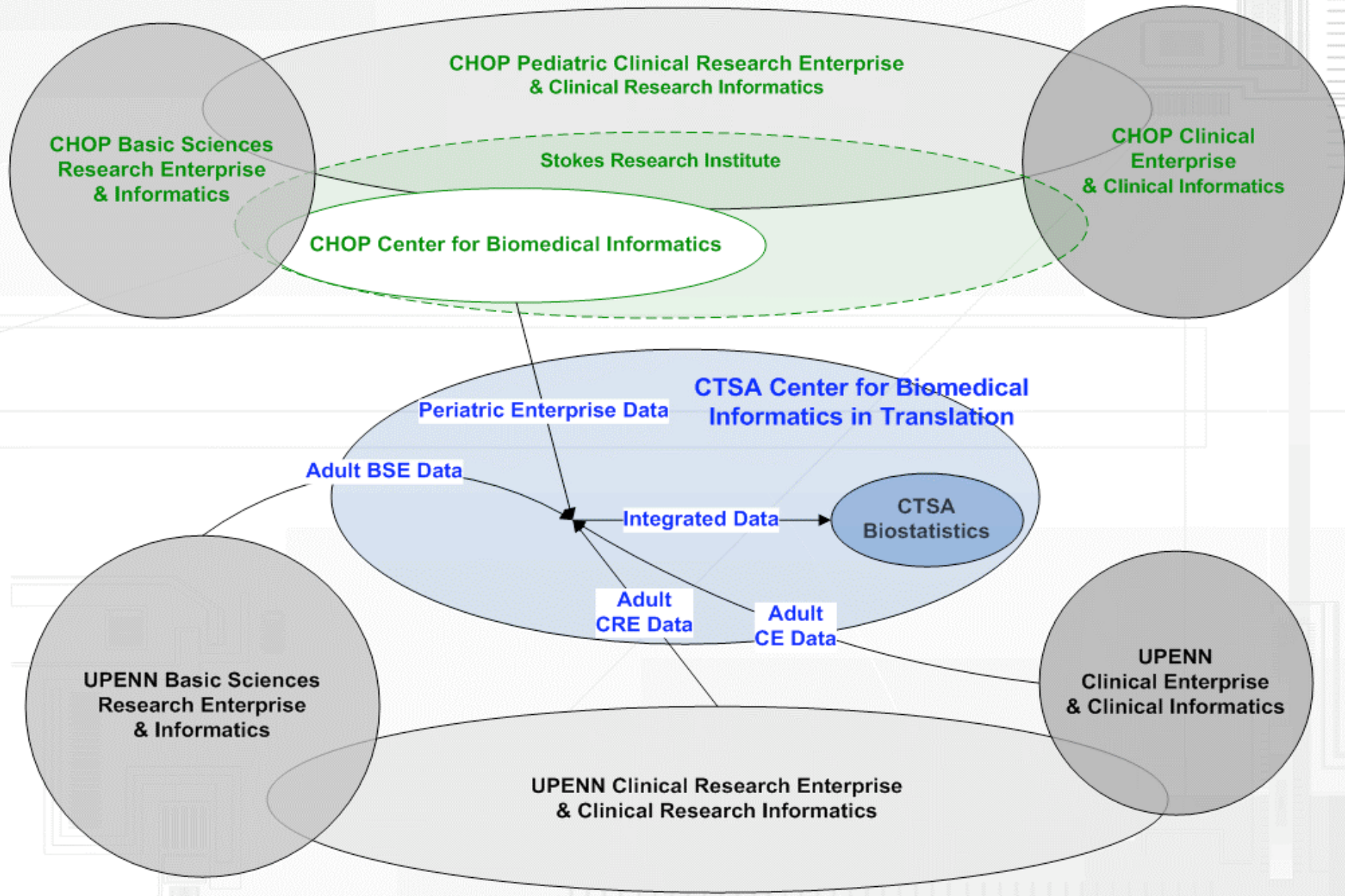
Draft

2.5.

CTSA – Organization of Informatics

FEB.05

UPENN.SOM.UPHS



# Vision: Center for Biomedical Informatics in Translation (BIIT)

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BIIT will provide ...

- a ***PENN Center for Clinical Research Informatics*** – an enterprise-wide organization formed to coordinate clinical research informatics standards, tools and the conduct of clinical research studies; enhanced coordination and connectivity between clinical, clinical research, and basic research units and groups within CHOP, leveraging its ongoing efforts in informatics;
- a ***PENN Research Data Center*** – a consolidated facility for biomedical and clinical research informatics resources, with coordinated, centralized IT resources and services;

# Enterprise Architecture Planning for Coordinated CTSA Informatics

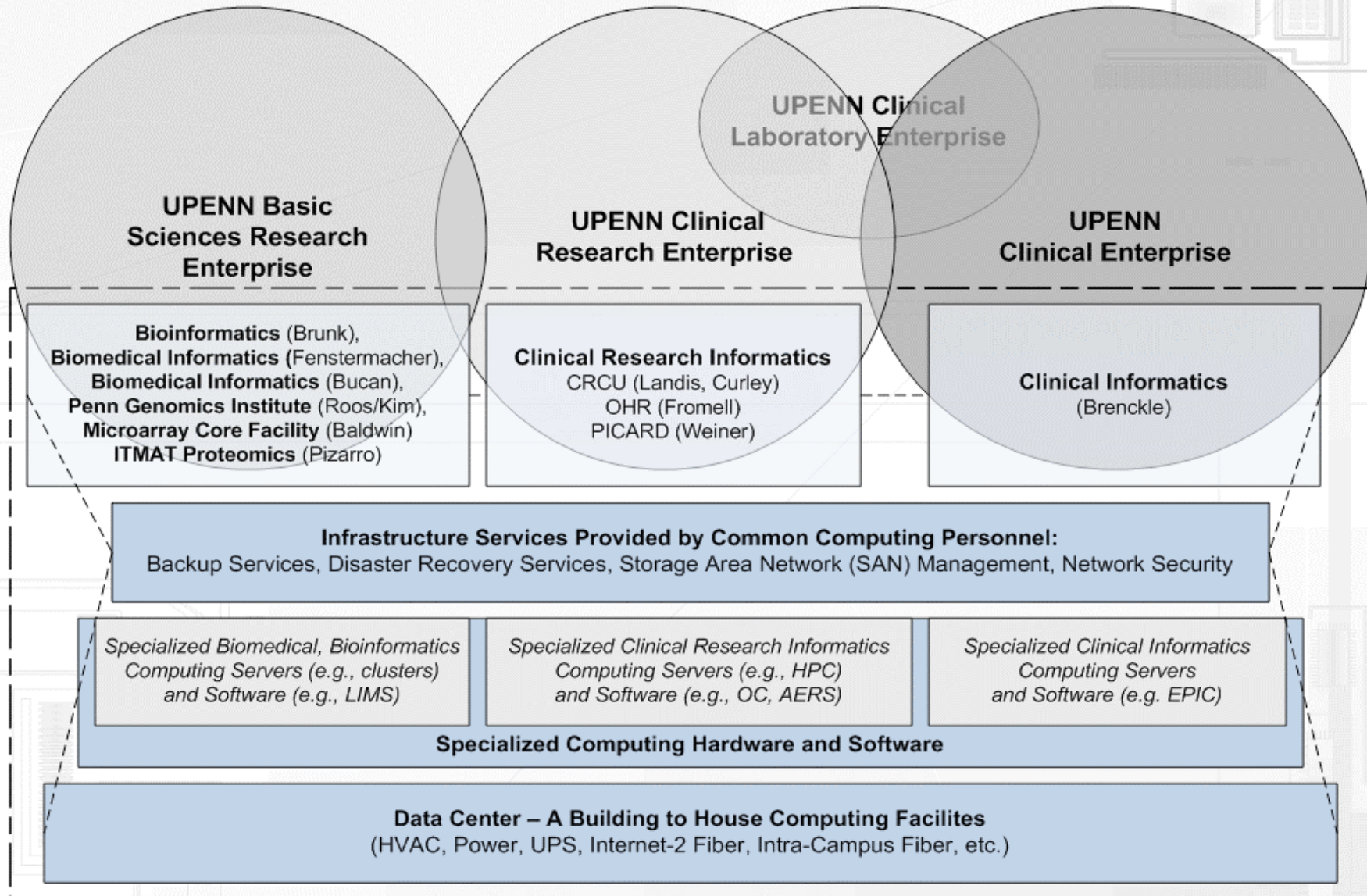
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2.4.

Enterprise Data Workspaces and Integrated Informatics

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# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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- **Oracle Corporation and Penn CTSA –**
  - **Oracle Clinical (OC) Trials Applications**
    - ... a comprehensive clinical data management solution
      - Remote Data Capture (RDC)
      - Thesaurus Management System (TMS)
      - Adverse Event Reporting System (AERS)
    - **Health Care Transaction Base (HTB)**
      - ... a platform for integration, development, and operation of healthcare applications.

# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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- Oracle Clinical (OC) -- standardization and control of data definitions and data usage across a large-scale clinical research enterprise, ensuring that data elements are defined, managed, and interpreted consistently
- OC -- integrated suite of applications (Oracle Clinical Trial Applications) supporting clinical research process
  - Remote Data Capture (RDC) - enter and manage data from the investigative site
  - Thesaurus Management System (TMS) - classify terms against medical dictionaries
  - Adverse Event Reporting System (AERS) - manage and report safety data

# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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- Site participation requires effort such as budgeting, tracking enrollment, scheduling and conducting patient visits, and managing payments. Data may be in disparate systems such as spreadsheets, making it difficult to get a view of trials underway, exposed the site to inaccuracies, and leading to delays as information is reconciled that can affect the conduct of the trial and willingness of the sites to participate in future trials.
- Sponsors, CROs, and sites need tools to manage site information.
- Oracle offers an application for tracking trial administrative and financial data - **SiteMinder** for sites or **TrialMinder** for sponsors and CROs. It includes: (i) site personnel and contact information, (ii) site events such as visits, (iii) management of patient scheduling and visits, (iv) Contracts and budgeting, (v) Payments due and owed, and (vi) Generating and tracking documents.



# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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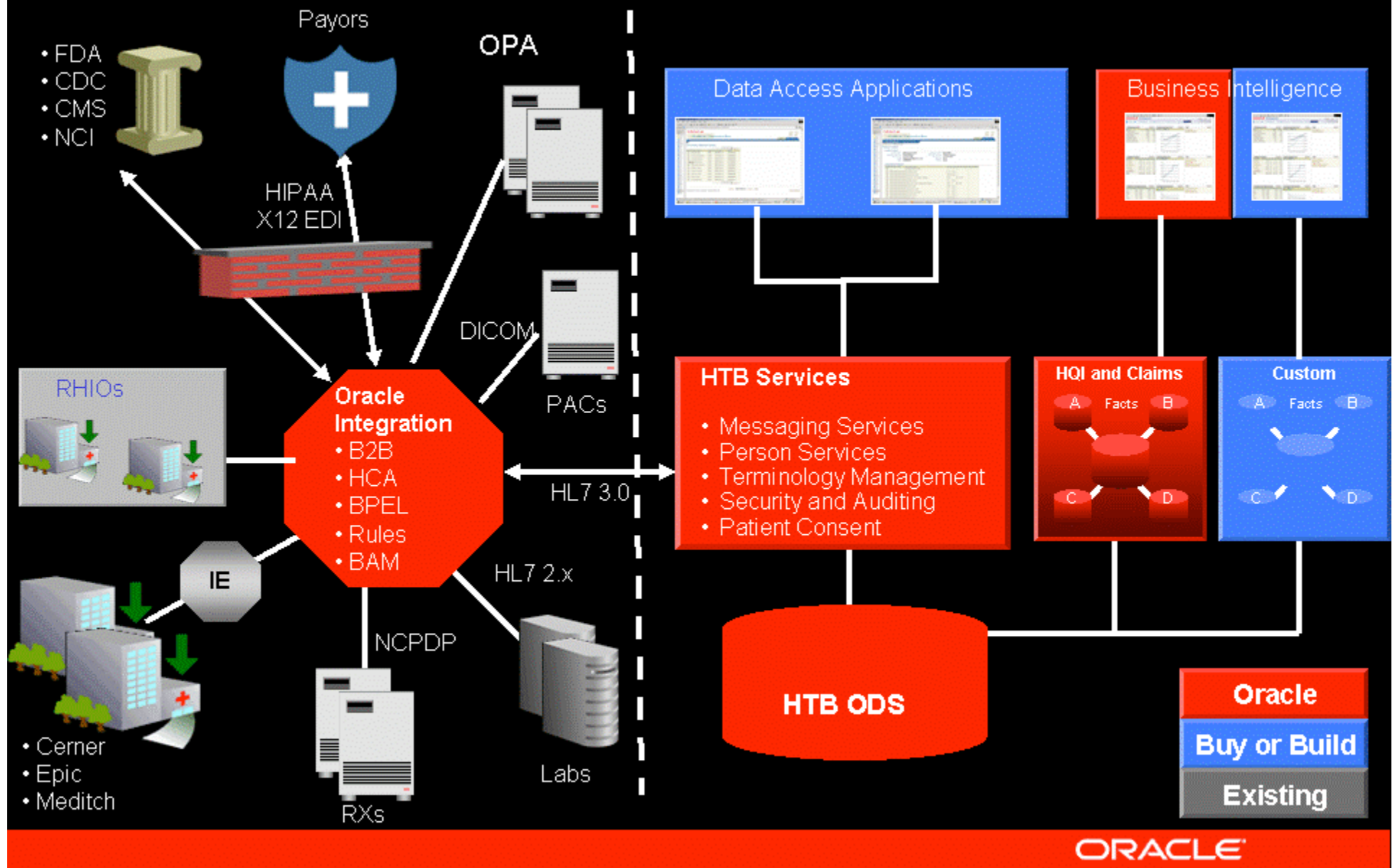
- Data Integration Models – at the health care enterprise, driven by the business-orientation and compelling business needs for integrated information.
- Lessons learned can be extended to Research.
- An example of a mature Health Care Enterprise solution that could be applicable to research is Oracle **HealthCare Transaction Base (HTB)**

# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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- HTB -- platform for integration, development, and operation of healthcare applications
- A comprehensive data repository and standards-based information model, coupled with integrated services for data normalization, customer-defined security and auditing, and business process / workflow.
- Supports meaningful data consolidation and genuine inter-operability among different systems.
- HTB offers a clinical infrastructure based on industry information standards– HL7 version 3 Reference Information Model (RIM)

# Healthcare Integration Conceptual Architecture



# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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**Pharma Partners and Penn CTSA -  
a Regional Research  
Information Organization (RRIO)**



# Vision: Industry Partnerships

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- Regional Health Information Organizations (RHIOs) are developing to share data
- Regional Research Information Organizations (RRIO) could be formed for a similar purpose, e.g., GSK and Penn
- Clusters of RRIOs could form the basis for the NIH Roadmap 'National Electronic Clinical Trial and Research Network' (NECTAR)

# Enterprise Architecture Planning for NECTAR (National Electronic Clinical Trial and Research Network)

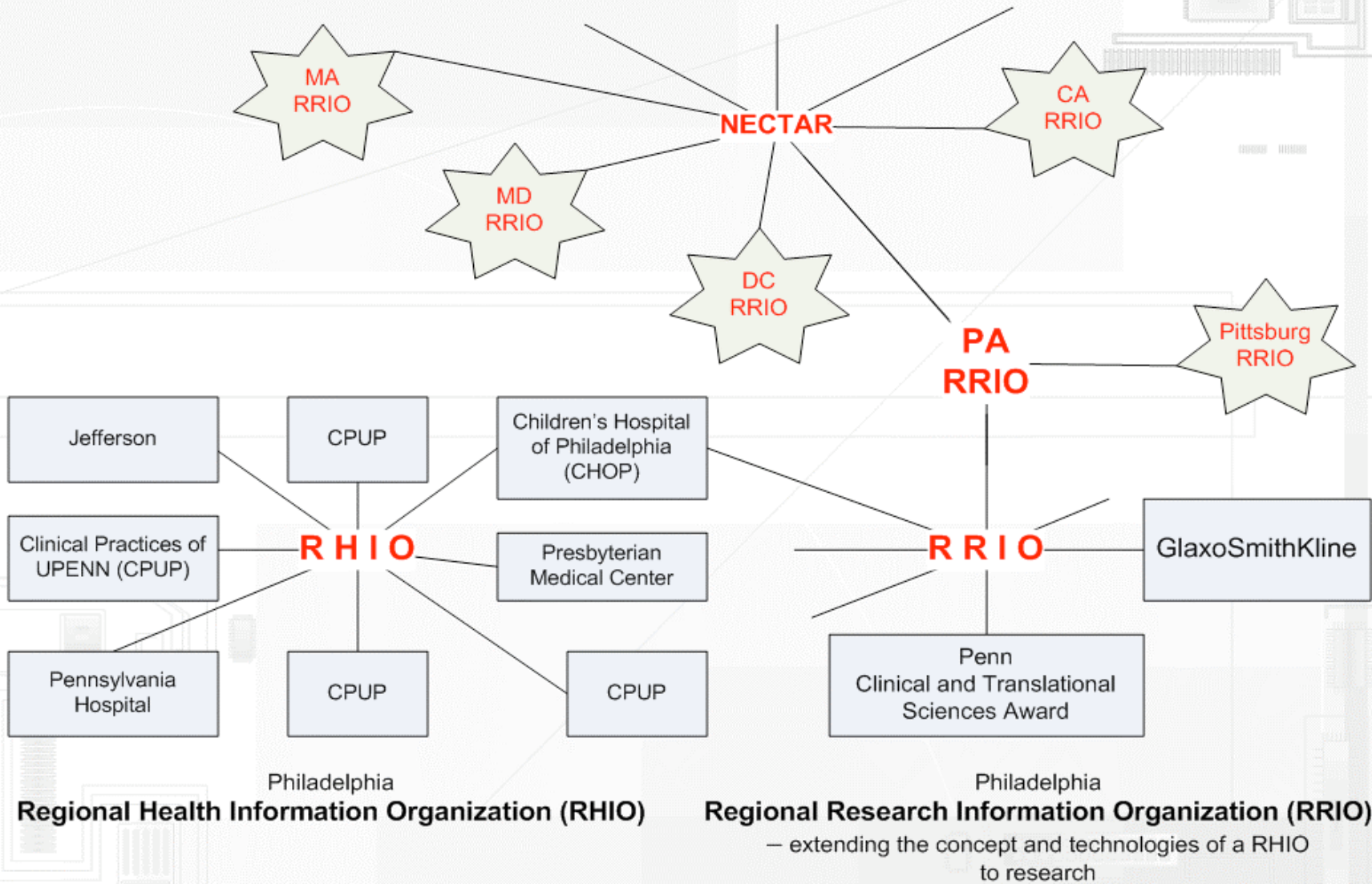
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1.1.

Extension of Regional Health Information Organization (RHIO) Concept

FEB.06

RMC.JRL



# Conclusions

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- Tomorrow's 'translational knowledge' is developing and accumulating today in the foundational form of information and data.
- This information will be converted to knowledge via a 'data organization and analysis partnership' between Clinicians, Investigators, Biostatisticians, and Informaticians.